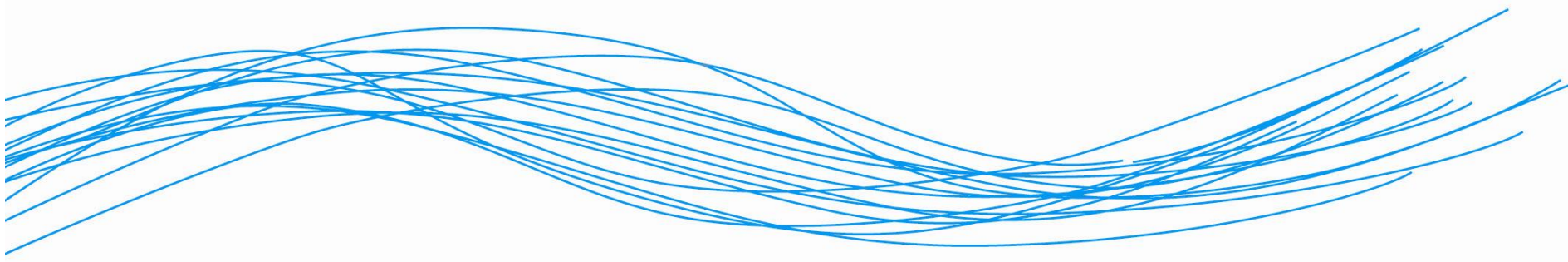




European
Research Area
Board (ERAB)

Research Infrastructures in the Czech Republic



**European Research Area
Board**

Imperial College, London

John Wood



European Research Area

A Great Opportunity for the Czech Republic!

- The first Member State to use Structural funds for the support of large research infrastructures.
- As such there are many lessons to be learnt and developed as time goes on.
- Large proportion of the funding is coming from a Bank (not a grant!)
- The DG Regions has little experience in supporting world class large research infrastructures



Context

- Globalisation of research
- The real impact of e-research
- Increasing requirement to deliver “whole” solutions
- Impact of large research infrastructures
- Remote access
- Virtual Research Environments
- Linking research to innovation



From Green Field to?





European
Research Area
Board (ERAB)

Rutherford-Appleton Laboratory





European
Research Area
Board (ERAB)

A view over the northeast of Lund stretching from the University Science area via Ideon past Sony Ericsson and on to the Max IV and ESSS site.



Photo: Karl Nyqvist, ESSS



European Research Area



The EIROforum

JET Culham

ESA Paris

Inspiring
and world
leading

EMBL Heidelberg

ILL & ESRF Grenoble

ESO Garching

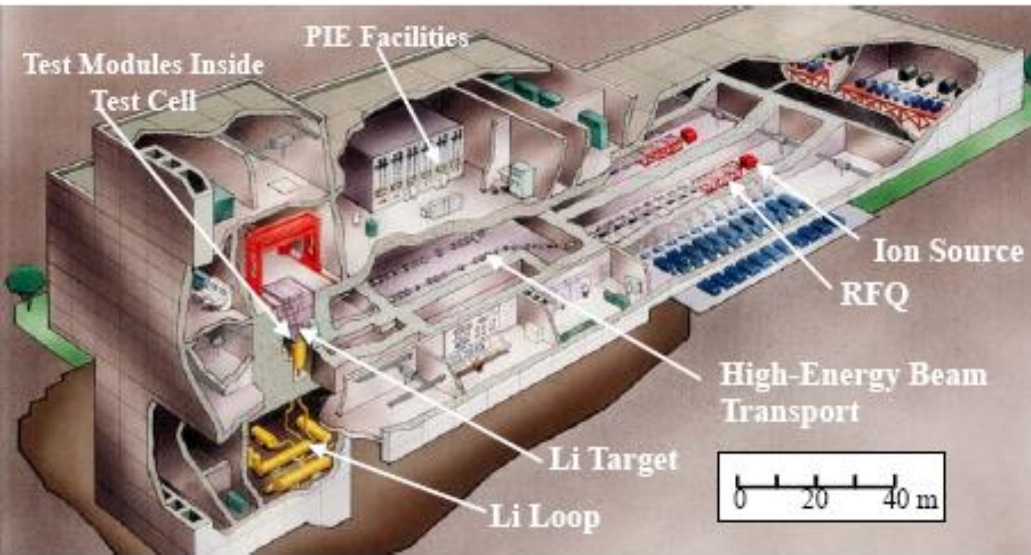
CERN Geneva



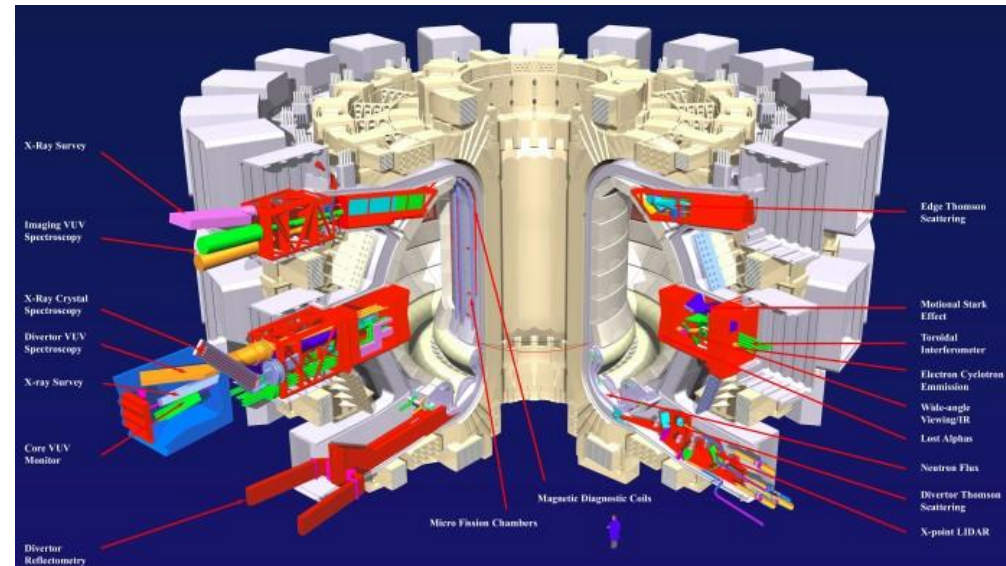


European
Research Area
Board (ERAB)

Infrastructures for Fusion Energy



International Fusion Materials Irradiation Facility (IFMIF)



European Research Area



European
Research Area
Board (ERAB)

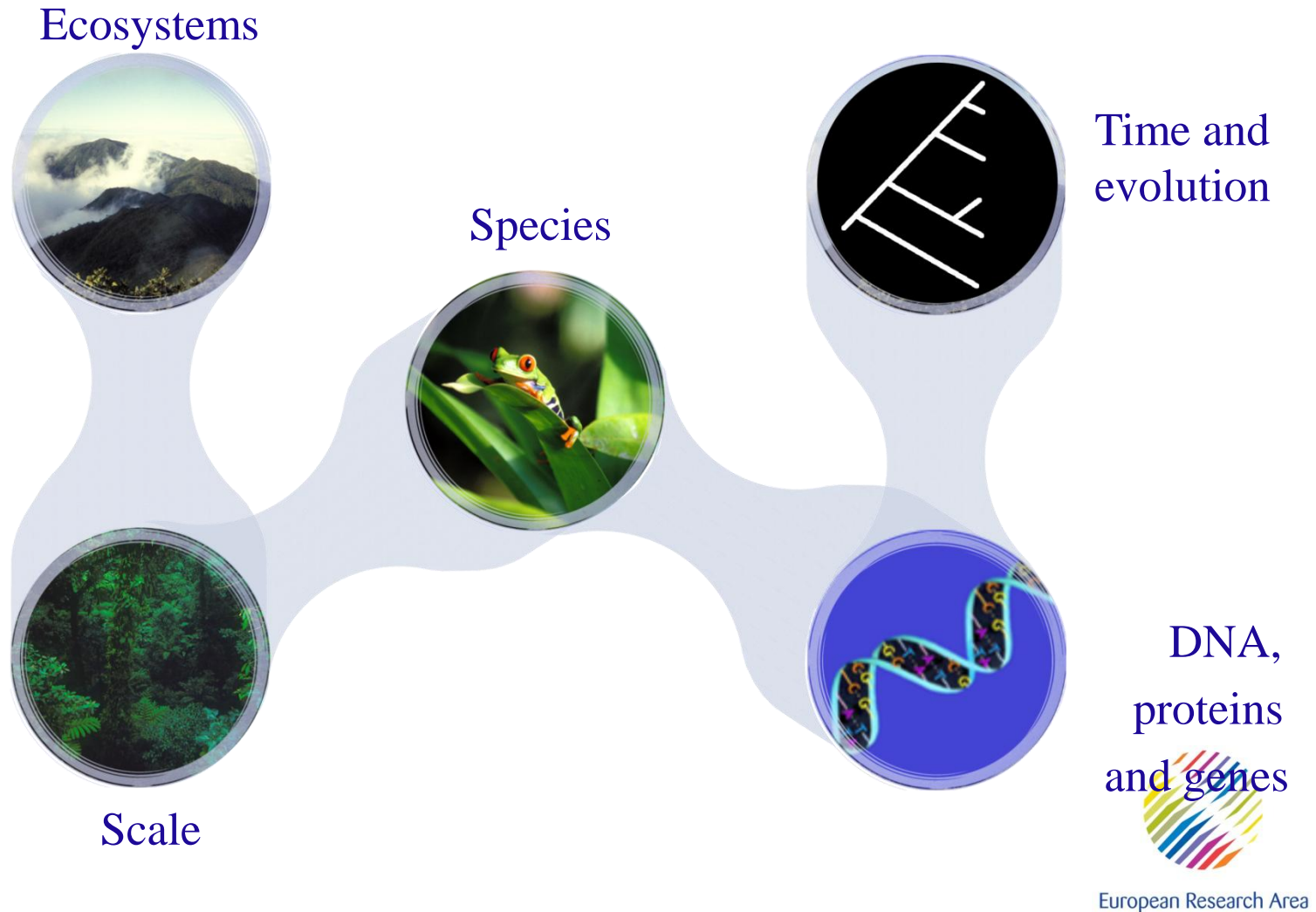
● **LIFEWATCH**

Large-scale e-Infrastructures for Biodiversity Research



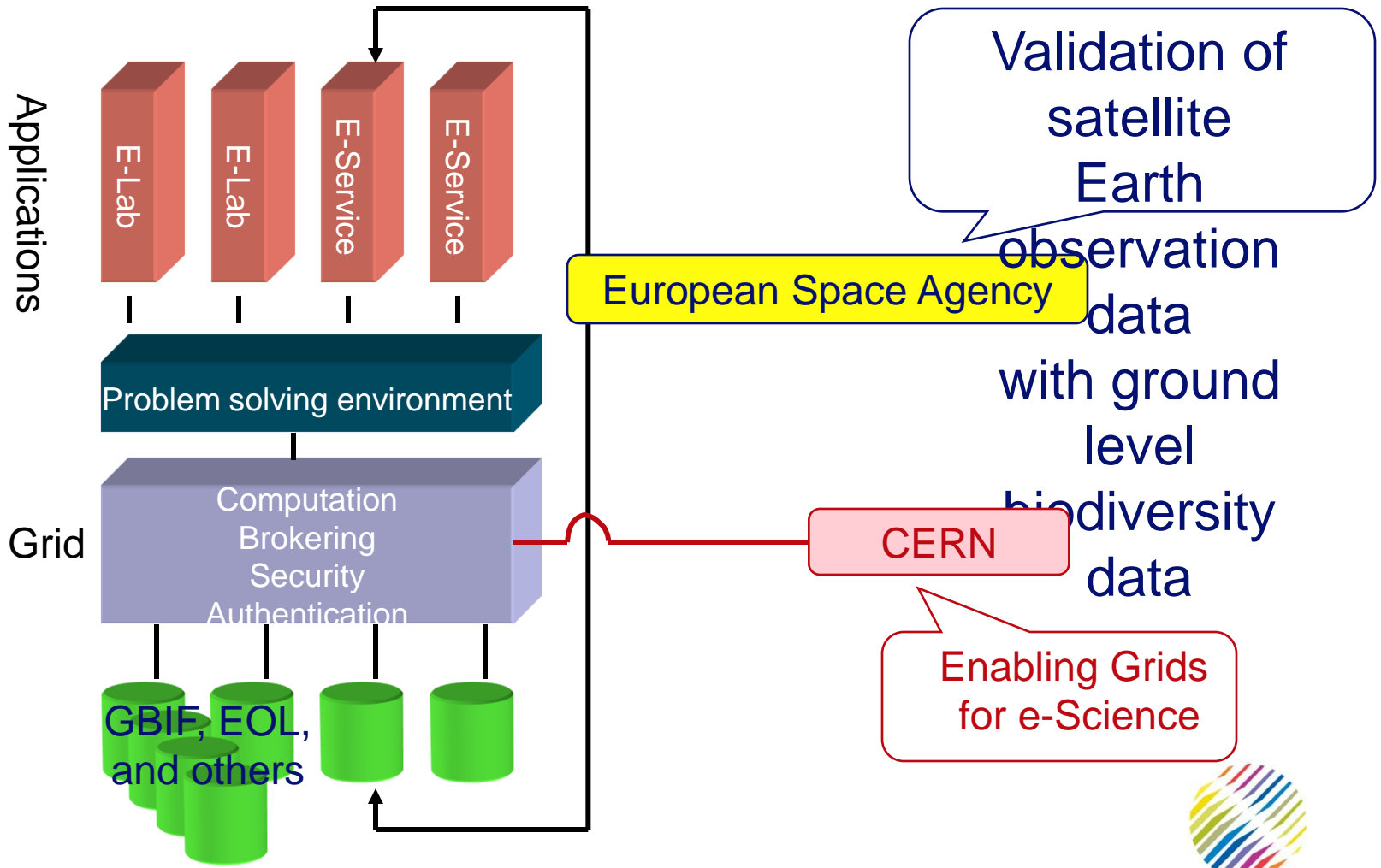


Big questions in biodiversity research





A cyber community of infrastructures





CLARIN

*Towards an integrated and interoperable
research infrastructure of language resources
and its technology enabling eHumanities*

*Easy access to Language Resources and Technology
for the Humanities community*

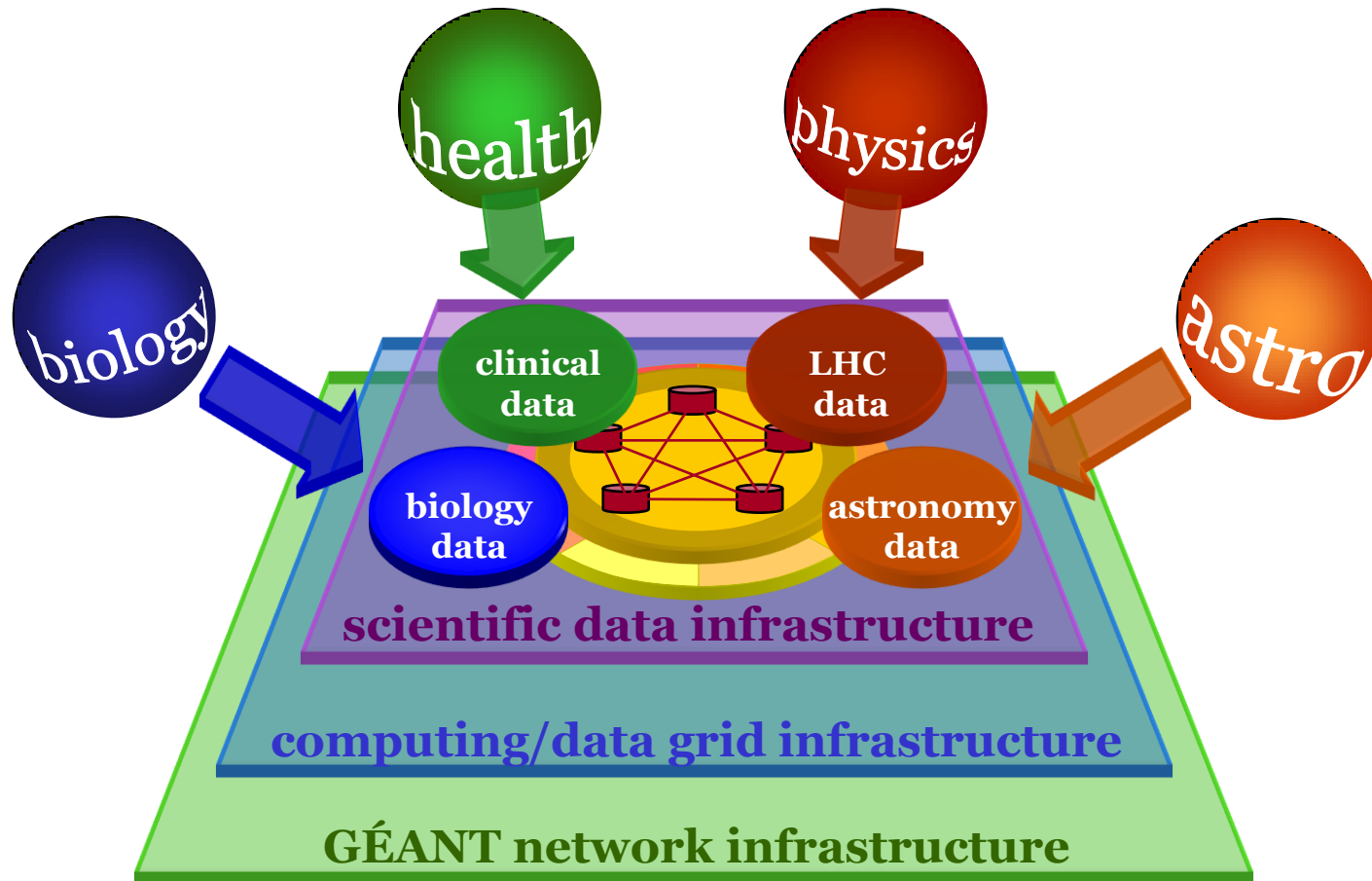
ch Area





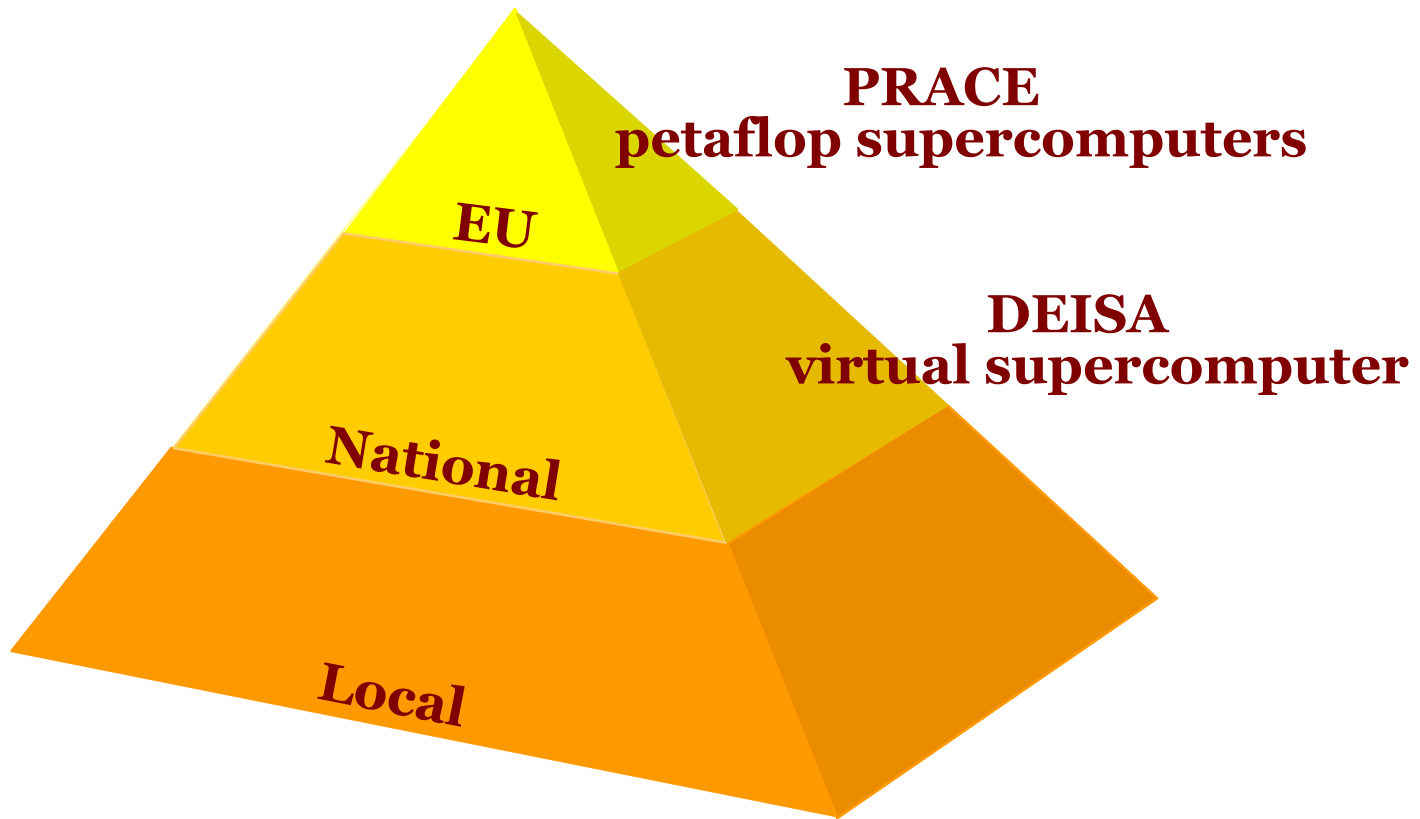


scientific data as an infrastructure





new “petaflop” supercomputers





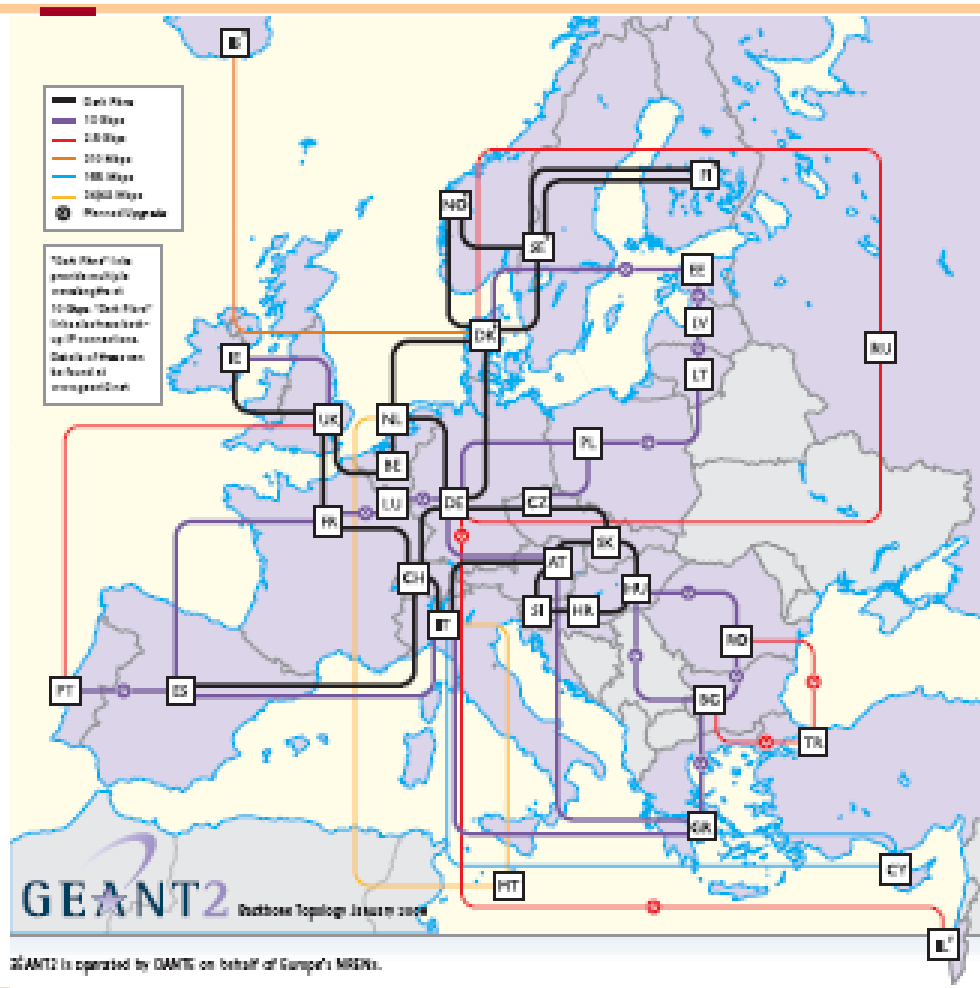
GÉANT: connecting

▪ **Pan-European coverage**
(40+ countries / 3900 universities / 30+ million students)

▪ **Hybrid architecture:**

▪ **connectivity at 10 Gb/s (aggregated traffic)**

▪ **dark fiber wavelengths (demanding communities)**

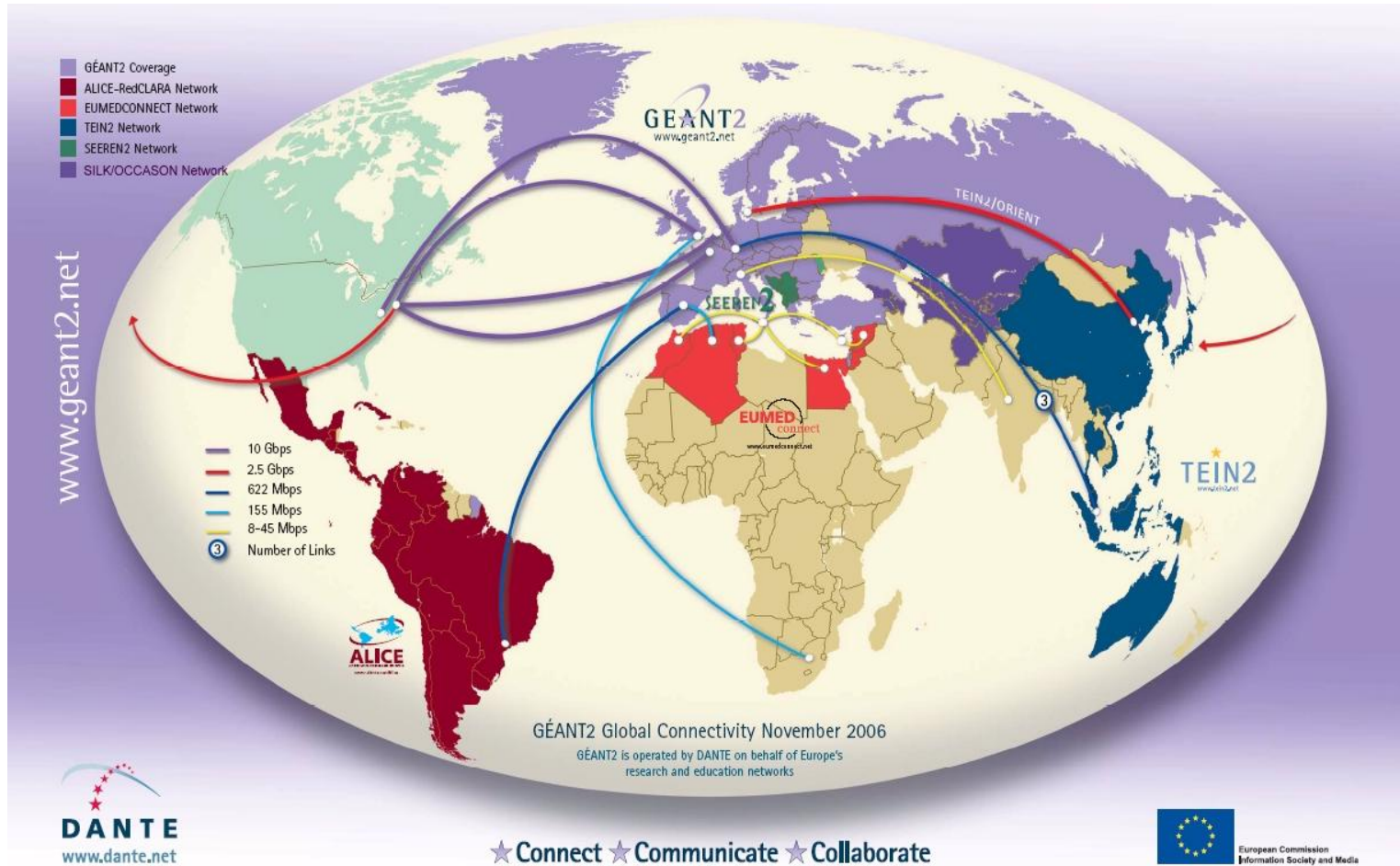


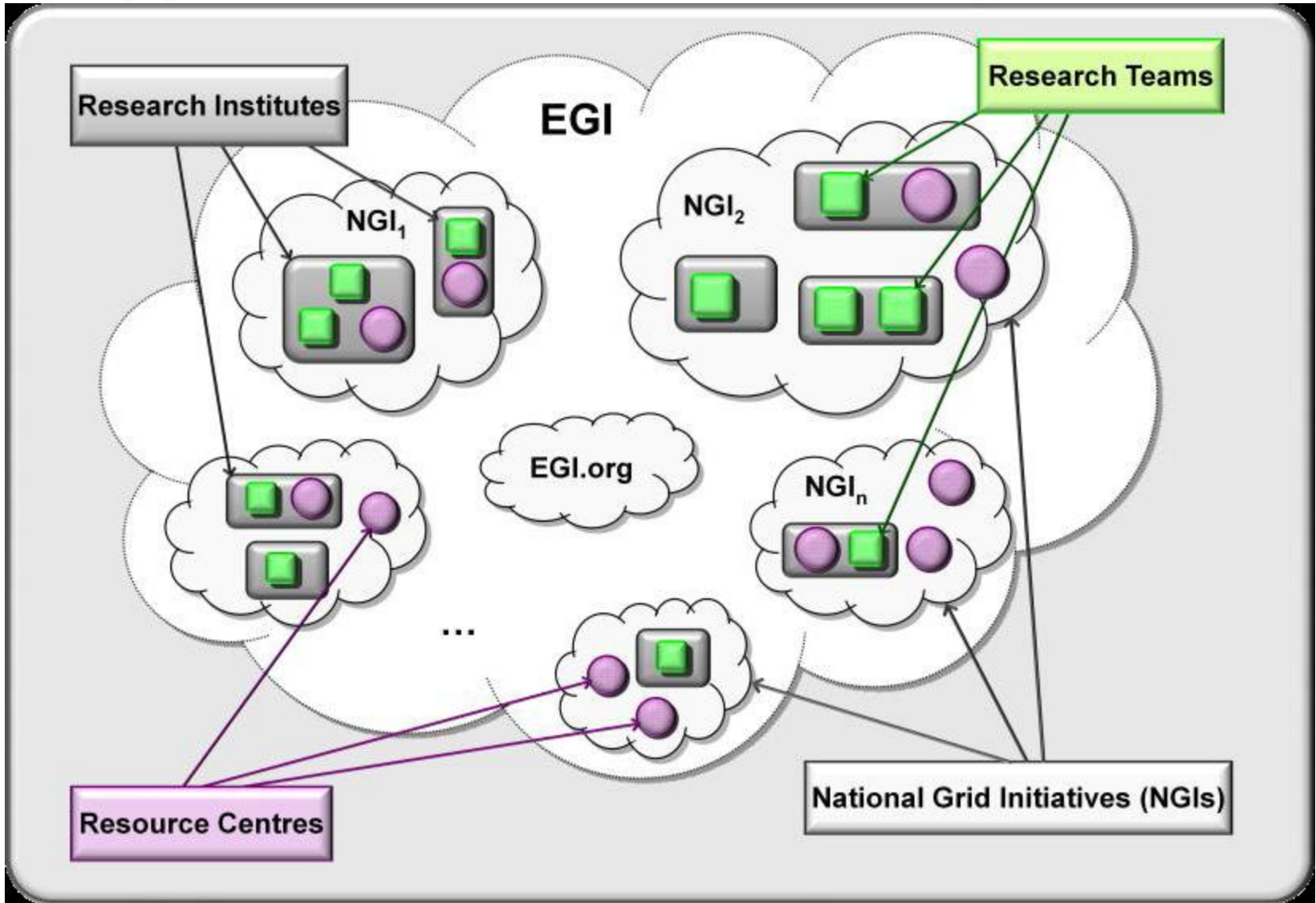
GEANT2 is operated by GÉANT on behalf of Europe's NROs.





GÉANT: global reach





Various types of Infrastructures require differing approaches

- Large one off international projects
- Large dispersed yet physical international/European facilities
- Large European facilities
- Large National facilities
- Large dispersed groups, centrally managed, using e-infrastructure
- All require integrated data management



Some definitions

- A Research Infrastructure is a complex project that has to be delivered on budget and on time.
- It must be based on **excellence** if it is to be world class
- A RI **project** is not the same as a research **programme**.
- There is a need for both **scientific leadership and project management** leadership. Balancing the two is not easy and the necessary talents are seldom found in one person



Pitfalls in Building Large RIs

- Lead scientist wants to run everything – leads to project drift
- Project manager is insensitive to the research programmes.
- Contingency/inflation is not included in the budget
- Operating/decommissioning costs are forgotten. Operating costs are normally about 10% of initial capital
- Provision for upgrading and refreshing should be included otherwise RI will cease to be world class quickly.
- Not taking procurement seriously
- Not planning the innovation chain from the start



Innovation and Exploitation

- **Three essentials:**
 - Attract the best scientists and allow freedom to explore new ideas.
 - Professional management
 - Healthy throughput of staff year by year
 - Bank of Boston analysis of MIT showed it was the alumni that were the innovation drivers of much of the US economy, not the institution itself

Cost Benefit Analysis

- This is part of the business case
- It assumes that there is a **good science case** that has passed review
- Need to convince investors and politicians that it is good value for money and will give some type of economic return
- **Economic return** is not just spin outs etc. Output of **trained** people is the most important
- The **management aspects and control** are the main concern of investors at this stage



Who are the Stakeholders?

- In a gateway process the **Senior Responsible Owner** (the lead person in the proposal) is the chief stakeholder
- The SRO takes the findings of the review (of which CBA is part) as evidence that the project is feasible.
- The SRO gives assurance to funders and other stakeholders. The SRO's **reputation** is at stake and must not put the case forward if it is not viable
- The **funders** want to know the outcomes, true costs and risks involved





Other Stakeholders

- Scientists who will work on the RI and help define the specification
- MEYS and other ministries
- Investors – EIB and other countries
- Industry
- Local population
- General public – especially school students





European
Research Area
Board (ERAB)

Good luck!



European Research Area